## Indexes Right Place - Right Time

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#### **Transfix**

### **Next Generation Online**Freight Brokerage

#### **Facts**

Founded in 2013

HQ in New York with 150 employees

Backed by NEA, Canvas Ventures & Lerer-Hippeau \$78.5M raised Named to Forbes "Next Billion-Dollar Startup List 2018"

### Transfix is a marketplace for full truckload shipping.

Acting as a truckload broker, we execute truckload shipments and enable large retailers, CPG companies, and manufacturers to ship with a highly fragmented supply base of independent truck drivers and small trucking companies.

We create value by leveraging mobile technology, data, and AI to automate processes, improve matching, and increase utilization of trucks.

### **Key Customers**









































### Hello.



Jonathan Salama CTO & Co-founder, Transfix Previously Gilt Group, Microsoft



Karina Ruzinov Software Engineering Manager, Transfix Previously Warby Parker, Refinery29

### "A goal without a plan is just a wish"

Antoine de St-Exupery

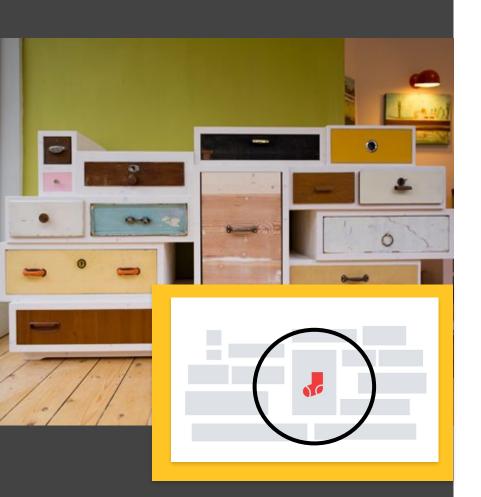


### **Sequential Scan**

Your database can be represented by a giant set of drawers

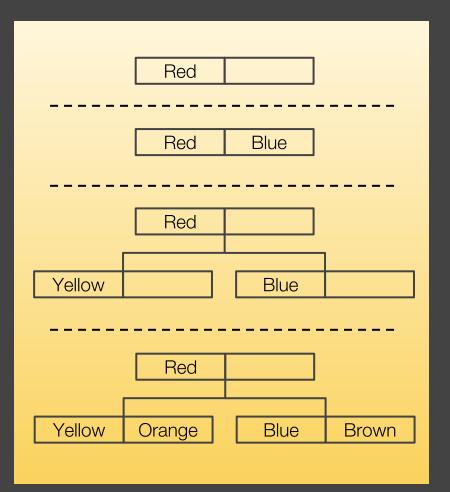
It's easy to find a pair of socks if there are only two items in your drawers

Things become slightly harder if you have millions of items



### **Index Scan**

An index could be represented as the map to help you find your \*snazzy\* red socks.

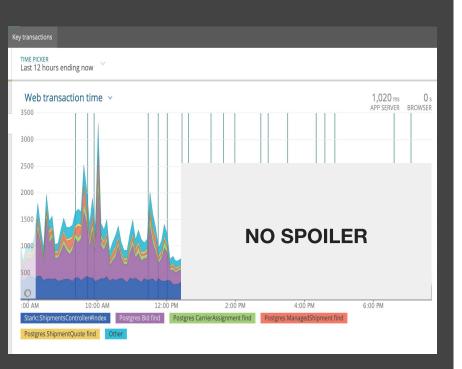


### **Most Common Index: BTREE**

**B** is not for Binary

Self balancing tree data structure

Many other types of indexes: Hash, GiST, SP-GiST, GIN and BRIN.



#### **Our Problem**

Tools we used to identify the issue

PSQL is clearly the pain point

Where do we go from here

### **Explain & Analyze with PSQL**

```
transfix=# explain analyze select * from shipments s join shipment_stops stops on stops.shipment_id = s.id where s.shipper_miles > 10;
```

#### **OUERY PLAN**

```
Merge Join (cost=11.66..226277.87 rows=361110 width=5417) (actual time=0.018..3186.715 rows=369510 loops=1)
    Merge Cond: (s.id = stops.shipment_id)
    -> Seq Scan on shipments s (cost=0.42..79181.20 rows=117477 width=3970) (actual time=0.008..312.337 rows=117744 loops=1)
        Filter: (shipper_miles > '10'::numeric)
        Rows Removed by Filter: 8112
    -> Index Scan using shipment_stops_shipment_id_idx on shipment_stops stops (cost=0.42..142229.09 rows=386888 width=1447) (actual time=0.004..2440.596 rows=386888 loops=1)
Planning time: 43.832 ms
Execution time: 14424.479 ms
(8 rows)
```

### An easier way to read this:

https://explain.depesz.com/

#	<u>exclusive</u>	<u>inclusive</u>	rows x	rows	loops	node
1.	0.000	14,752.933	↓1.0	3,695,010	1	→ <u>Merge Join</u> (cost=11.66226,277.87 rows=3,611,100 width=5,417) (actual time=0.01814,752.933 rows=3,695,010 loops=1)  Merge Cond: (s.id = stops.shipment_id)
2.	14,312.337	14,312.337	↓10.0	1,177,404	1	→ Seq Scan on shipments s (cost=0.42791,801.20 rows=117,477 width=3,970) (actual time=0.00814,312.337 rows=1,177,404 loops=1)  Filter: (shipper_miles > '10'::numeric)  Rows Removed by Filter: 8112
3.	440.596	440.596	↑ 1.0	386,888	1	→ Index Scan using shipment_stops_shipment_id_idx on shipment_stops stops (cost=0.42142,229.09 rows=386,888 width=1,447) (actual time=0.004440.596 rows=386,888 loops=1)



### Remembering the red socks!

Now that we understand our plan we need to create our index on the right column

transfix\_dev=# create index shipments\_shipper\_miles on shipments(shipper\_miles);
CREATE INDEX



https://www.postgresql.org/docs/10/sql-createindex.html

## "Everyone has a plan until they get punched in the mouth"

Myke Tyson

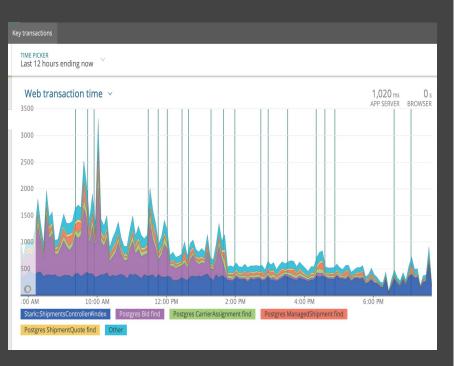


### The Pitfalls

Applying an index can be dangerous

Queries don't always follow your plan

Unnecessary indexes can waste memory and slow your writes down!



### Results

Queries goes from 2 to 3 sec to few milliseconds!





# Proactively monitoring for performance issues

**Educating your team** 

**Empowering your team** 

**Continuously monitoring** 

Q & A

